

Sen. Ann Gillespie

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Filed: 4/16/2021

10200SB0004sam001 LRB102 12509 RJF 25357 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 4 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 4 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is 4 amended by changing Sections 1-109, 1-110, 2-101, 3A-50 5 6 4A-102, 4A-103, 4A-107, and 4A-108 and by adding Sections 7 1-102.5, 1-104.3, 1-104.4, 1-104.5, 1-105.2, 1-105.3, 1-105.5, 1-105.6, 1-105.7, 1-112.5, 1-113.6, and 1-113.7 as follows: 8 9 (5 ILCS 420/1-102.5 new)Sec. 1-102.5. Asset. "Asset" means, for the purposes of 10 Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, an item that is owned and has 11 12 monetary value. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 13 4A-103, assets include, but are not limited to: stocks, bonds, sector mutual funds, sector exchange traded funds, commodity 14

futures, investment real estate, beneficial interests in

trusts, business interests, and partnership interests. For the

purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, assets do not include: 1 personal residences; personal vehicles; savings or checking 2 accounts; bonds, notes, or securities issued by any branch of 3 4 federal, state, or local government; Medicare benefits; 5 inheritances or bequests, other than beneficial interests in trusts; diversified funds; annuities; pensions (including 6 government pensions); retirement accounts; college savings 7 plans that are qualified tuition plans; qualified 8 9 tax-advantaged savings programs that allow individuals to save 10 for disability-related expenses; or tangible personal 11 property.

12 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.3 new)

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Sec. 1-104.3. Creditor. "Creditor" means, for the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, an individual, organization, or other business entity to whom money or its equivalent is owed, no matter whether that obligation is secured or unsecured, except that if a filer makes a loan to members of his or her family, then that filer does not, by making such a loan, become a creditor of that individual for the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103 of this Act.

21 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.4 new)

Sec. 1-104.4. Debt. "Debt" means, for the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, any money or monetary obligation owed at any time during the preceding calendar year to an

1 individual, company, or other organization, other than a loan that is from a financial institution, government agency, or 2 3 business entity and that is granted on terms made available to 4 the general public. For the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 5 4A-103, "debt" includes, but is not limited to: personal loans 6 from friends or business associates, business loans made outside the lender's regular course of business, and loans 7 made at below market rates. For the purposes of Sections 8 9 4A-102 and 4A-103, "debt" does not include: (i) debts to or from financial institutions or government entities, such as 10 11 mortgages, student loans, credit card debts, or loans secured by automobiles, household furniture, or appliances, as long as 12 13 those loans were made on terms available to the general public 14 and do not exceed the purchase price of the items securing 15 them; (ii) debts to or from a political committee registered 16 with the Illinois State Board of Elections or political committees, principal campaign committees, or authorized 17 committees registered with the Federal Election Commission; or 18 19 (iii) a loan from a member of the filer's family not known by 20 the filer to be registered to lobby under the Lobbyist 21 Registration Act.

22 (5 ILCS 420/1-104.5 new)

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Sec. 1-104.5. Diversified funds. "Diversified funds" means investment products, such as mutual funds, exchange traded funds, or unit investment trusts, that invest in a wide

- 1 variety of securities across multiple sectors or asset
- 2 classes. "Diversified funds" does not include sector funds.
- 3 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.2 new)
- 4 Sec. 1-105.2. Economic relationship. "Economic
- 5 relationship" means, for the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and
- 6 4A-103, any joint or shared ownership interests in businesses
- 7 and creditor-debtor relationships with third parties, other
- 8 than commercial lending institutions, where: (a) the filer is
- 9 entitled to receive (i) more than 7.5% of the total
- 10 distributable income, or (ii) an amount in excess of the
- 11 salary of the Governor; or (b) the filer together with his or
- 12 her spouse or minor children is entitled to receive (i) more
- than 15%, in the aggregate, of the total distributable income,
- or (ii) an amount in excess of 2 times the salary of the
- 15 Governor.
- 16 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.3 new)
- 17 Sec. 1-105.3. Family. "Family" means, for the purposes of
- 18 Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, a filer's spouse, children,
- 19 step-children, parents, step-parents, siblings,
- 20 step-siblings, half-siblings, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law,
- 21 grandparents, and grandchildren, as well as the parents and
- 22 grandparents of the filer's spouse, and any person living with
- the filer.

- (5 ILCS 420/1-105.5 new)1
- Sec. 1-105.5. Filer. "Filer" means, for the purposes of 2
- Section 4A-102 and 4A-103, a person required to file a 3
- 4 statement of economic interests pursuant to this Act.
- 5 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.6 new)
- Sec. 1-105.6. Income. "Income" means, for the purposes of 6
- Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, pension income and any income from 7
- 8 whatever source derived, required to be reported on the
- 9 filer's federal income tax return, including, but not limited
- 10 to: compensation received for services rendered or to be
- 11 rendered (as required to be reported on any Internal Revenue
- 12 Service forms, including, but not limited to, Forms W-2, 1099,
- 13 or K-1); earnings or capital gains from the sale of assets;
- 14 profit; interest or dividend income from all assets; revenue
- from leases and rentals, royalties, prizes, awards, or barter; 15
- forgiveness of debt; and earnings derived from annuities or 16
- trusts other than testamentary trusts. "Income" does not 17
- 18 include compensation earned for service in the position that
- 19 necessitates the filing of the statement of economic
- 20 interests, or investment or interest returns on items excluded
- from the definition of "asset", or income from the sale of a 21
- 22 personal residence or personal vehicle.
- 2.3 (5 ILCS 420/1-105.7 new)
- 24 Sec. 1-105.7. Investment real estate. "Investment real

- 1 <u>estate" means any real property, other than a filer's personal</u>
- 2 residences, purchased to produce a profit, whether from income
- 3 or resale. Investment real estate may be described by the city
- 4 and state where the real estate is located.
- 5 (5 ILCS 420/1-109) (from Ch. 127, par. 601-109)
- 6 Sec. 1-109. "Lobbying" means engaging in activities that
- 7 require registration under the Lobbyist Registration
- 8 Actpromoting or opposing in any manner the passage by the
- 9 General Assembly of any legislative matter affecting the
- 10 interests of any individual, association or corporation as
- 11 distinct from those of the people of the State as a whole.
- 12 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 3401.)
- 13 (5 ILCS 420/1-110) (from Ch. 127, par. 601-110)
- 14 Sec. 1-110. "Lobbyist" means an individual who is required
- to be registered to engage in lobbying activities pursuant to
- 16 <u>the Lobbyist Registration Act</u> any person required to be
- 17 registered under "An Act concerning lobbying and providing a
- 18 penalty for violation thereof", approved July 10, 1957, as
- 19 amended.
- 20 (Source: Laws 1967, p. 3401.)
- 21 (5 ILCS 420/1-112.5 new)
- Sec. 1-112.5. Personal residence. "Personal residence"
- 23 means, for the purposes of Sections 4A-102 and 4A-103, a

- 1 <u>filer's primary home residence and any residential real</u>
- 2 property held by the filer and used by the filer for
- 3 residential rather than commercial or income generating
- 4 purposes.
- 5 (5 ILCS 420/1-113.6 new)
- 6 Sec. 1-113.6. Sector funds. "Sector funds" means mutual
- 7 funds or exchange traded funds invested in a particular
- 8 industry or business.
- 9 (5 ILCS 420/1-113.7 new)
- 10 Sec. 1-113.7. Spouse. "Spouse" means a party to a
- 11 marriage, a party to a civil union, or a registered domestic
- 12 partner.
- 13 (5 ILCS 420/2-101) (from Ch. 127, par. 602-101)
- 14 Sec. 2-101. Government official lobbying.
- 15 <u>(a)</u> No legislator may engage in <u>promoting or opposing in</u>
- any manner the passage by General Assembly of any legislative
- 17 matter affecting the interests of any individual, association,
- or corporation as distinct from those of the people of the
- 19 State as a whole lobbying, as that term is defined in Section
- 20 $\frac{1-109}{1}$, if he or she accepts compensation specifically
- 21 attributable to such lobbying, other than that provided by law
- for members of the General Assembly. Nothing in this Section
- 23 prohibits a legislator from lobbying without compensation.

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- No legislator or executive branch constitutional officer
 shall engage in compensated lobbying of the governing body of
 a municipality, county, or township, or an official thereof,
 on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying entity that is
 registered to lobby the General Assembly or the executive
 branch of the State of Illinois.
 - (b) No elected or appointed county executive or legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency, or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying entity that is registered to lobby the county in which the official is elected or appointed.
 - (c) No elected or appointed municipal executive or legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency, or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying entity that is registered to lobby the municipality in which the official is elected or appointed.
 - (d) No elected or appointed township executive or legislative official shall engage in compensated lobbying of the governing body of a county, municipality, township, the General Assembly, a State executive branch office or agency, or an official thereof, on behalf of any lobbyist or lobbying entity that is registered to lobby the township in which the

- official is elected or appointed. 1
- (e) A violation of this Section shall constitute a Class A 2
- 3 misdemeanor.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 77-2830.)
- 5 (5 ILCS 420/3A-50 new)
- Sec. 3A-50. Appointee political activity. 6
- (a) No person who is appointed to an affected office 7 8 shall: (i) serve as an officer of a candidate political 9 committee; or (ii) be a candidate who is designated as the
- 10 candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.
- 11 (b) A person appointed to an affected office who is either
- 12 an officer of a candidate political committee or a candidate
- 13 who is designated as the candidate to be supported by a
- 14 candidate political committee shall within 30 days after
- confirmation by the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the 15
- candidate political committee; (ii) have his or her name 16
- removed as the candidate to be supported by a candidate 17
- 18 political committee; (iii) notify the State Board of Elections
- 19 of the person's intent to convert the candidate political
- 20 committee to a limited activity committee under Section 9-1.8
- 21 of the Election Code and complete the transition to a limited
- activity committee within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv) 22
- dissolve the candidate political committee. A person appointed 23
- 24 to an affected office who is in violation of this subsection
- 25 (b) on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd

- 1 General Assembly must come into compliance within 30 days
- after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd 2
- 3 General Assembly.
- 4 (c) As used in this Section:
- 5 "Affected office" means any office in which the appointee
- receives any form of compensation, other than the 6
- reimbursement of expenses, and whose appointment requires 7
- 8 advise and consent of the Senate.
- 9 "Candidate political committee" has the meaning given to
- 10 that term in Section 9-1.8 of the Election Code in which the
- 11 person subject to confirmation by the Senate is designated as
- the candidate to be supported by the candidate political 12
- committee under Section 9-2 of the Code. 13
- 14 (5 ILCS 420/4A-102) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-102)
- 15 Sec. 4A-102. The statement of economic interests required
- by this Article shall include the economic interests of the 16
- 17 person making the statement as provided in this Section.
- 18 (a) The interest (if constructively controlled by the
- 19 person making the statement) of a spouse or any other party,
- 20 shall be considered to be the same as the interest of the
- person making the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be 21
- included in this statement. The following interests shall be 22
- 23 listed by all persons required to file:
- 24 (1) each asset that has a value of more than \$5,000 as
- 25 of the end of the preceding calendar year and is: (i) held

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in the filer's name, (ii) held jointly by the filer with his or her spouse, or (iii) held jointly by the filer with his or her minor child or children. For a beneficial interest in a trust, the value is based on the total value of the assets either subject to the beneficial interest, or from which income is to be derived for the benefit of the beneficial interest, regardless of whether any distributions have been made for the benefit of the beneficial interest;

- (2) excluding the income from the position that requires the filing of a statement of economic interests under this Act, each source of income in excess of \$1,200 during the preceding calendar year (as required to be reported on the filer's federal income tax return covering the preceding calendar year) for the filer and his or her spouse and, if the sale or transfer of an asset produced more than \$5,000 in capital gains during the preceding calendar year, the transaction date on which that asset was sold or transferred;
- (3) each creditor of a debt in excess of \$5,000 that, during the preceding calendar year, was: (i) owed by the filer, (ii) owed jointly by the filer with his or her spouse or (iii) owed jointly by the filer with his or her minor child or children;
- (4) the name of each unit of government of which the filer or his or her spouse was an employee, contractor, or

1	office holder during the preceding calendar year other
2	than the unit or units of government in relation to which
3	the person is required to file and the title of the
4	position or nature of the contractual services;
5	(5) each person known to the filer to be registered as
6	a lobbyist with any unit of government in the State of
7	Illinois: (i) with whom the filer maintains an economic
8	relationship, or (ii) who is a member of the filer's
9	family; and
10	67) each source and type of gift or gifts, or
11	honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate
12	in excess of \$500 that was received during the preceding
13	calendar year, excluding any gift or gifts from a member
14	of the filer's family that was not known to the filer to be
15	registered as a lobbyist with any unit of government in
16	the State of Illinois.
17	For the purposes of this Section, the unit of local
18	government in relation to which a person is required to file
19	under item (e) of Section 4A-101.5 shall be the unit of local
20	government that contributes to the pension fund of which such
21	person is a member of the board.
22	(b) Beginning December 1, 2025, and for every 5 years
23	thereafter, the Secretary of State shall adjust the amounts
24	specified under this Section that prompt disclosure under this
25	Act for purposes of inflation as determined by the Consumer

Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United

1	States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100.
2	The Secretary shall publish this information on the official
3	website of the Secretary of State, and make changes to the
4	statement of economic interest form to be completed for the
5	following year.
6	(c) The Secretary of State shall develop and make publicly
7	available on his or her website written guidance relating to
8	the completion and filing of the statement of economic
9	interests upon which a filer may reasonably and in good faith
10	rely.
11	The interest (if constructively controlled by the person
12	making the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be
13	considered to be the same as the interest of the person making
14	the statement. Campaign receipts shall not be included in this
15	statement.
16	(a) The following interests shall be listed by all
17	persons required to file:
18	(1) The name, address and type of practice of any
19	professional organization or individual professional
20	practice in which the person making the statement was
21	an officer, director, associate, partner or
22	proprietor, or served in any advisory capacity, from
23	which income in excess of \$1200 was derived during the
24	preceding calendar year;
25	(2) The nature of professional services (other
26	than services rendered to the unit or units of

government in relation to which the person is required

2	to file) and the nature of the entity to which they
3	were rendered if fees exceeding \$5,000 were received
4	during the preceding calendar year from the entity for
5	professional services rendered by the person making
6	the statement.
7	(3) The identity (including the address or legal
8	description of real estate) of any capital asset from
9	which a capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized in
10	the preceding calendar year.
11	(4) The name of any unit of government which has
12	employed the person making the statement during the
13	preceding calendar year other than the unit or units
14	of government in relation to which the person is
15	required to file.
16	(5) The name of any entity from which a gift or
17	gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in
18	the aggregate in excess of \$500, was received during
19	the preceding calendar year.
20	(b) The following interests shall also be listed by
21	persons listed in items (a) through (f), item (l), item
22	(n), and item (p) of Section 4A-101:
23	(1) The name and instrument of ownership in any
24	entity doing business in the State of Illinois, in
25	which an ownership interest held by the person at the
26	date of filing is in excess of \$5,000 fair market value

	or from which dividends of in excess of \$1,200 were
	derived during the preceding calendar year. (In the
	case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed
	by street address, or if none, then by legal
	description). No time or demand deposit in a financial
	institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed;
	(2) Except for professional service entities, the
	name of any entity and any position held therein from
	which income of in excess of \$1,200 was derived during
	the preceding calendar year, if the entity does
	business in the State of Illinois. No time or demand
	deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt
	instrument need be listed.
	(3) The identity of any compensated lobbyist with
	whom the person making the statement maintains a close
	economic association, including the name of the
	lobbyist and specifying the legislative matter or
	matters which are the object of the lobbying activity,
	and describing the general type of economic activity
	of the client or principal on whose behalf that person
	is lobbying.
	(c) The following interests shall also be listed by
pers	ons listed in items (a) through (c) and item (e) of
Sect	ion 4A-101.5:
	(1) The name and instrument of ownership in any
	entity doing business with a unit of local government

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in relation to which the person is required to file if the ownership interest of the person filing is greater than \$5,000 fair market value as of the date of filing or if dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received from the entity during the preceding calendar year. (In the case of real estate, location thereof shall be listed by street address, or if none, then by legal description). No time or demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.

(2) Except for professional service entities, the name of any entity and any position held therein from which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived during the preceding calendar year if the entity does business with a unit of local government in relation to which the person is required to file. No time or demand deposit in a financial institution, nor any debt instrument need be listed.

(3) The name of any entity and the nature of the governmental action requested by any entity which has applied to a unit of local government in relation to which the person must file for any license, franchise or permit for annexation, zoning or rezoning of real estate during the preceding calendar year if the ownership interest of the person filing is in excess of \$5,000 fair market value at the time of filing or if income or dividends in excess of \$1,200 were received

1	by the person filing from the entity during the
2	preceding calendar year.
3	For the purposes of this Section, the unit of local
4	government in relation to which a person required to file
5	under item (e) of Section 4A 101.5 shall be the unit of local
6	government that contributes to the pension fund of which such
7	person is a member of the board.
8	(Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)
9	(5 ILCS 420/4A-103) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-103)
10	Sec. 4A-103. The statement of economic interests required
11	by this Article to be filed with the Secretary of State or
12	county clerk shall be filled in by typewriting or hand
13	printing, shall be verified, dated, and signed by the person
14	making the statement and shall contain substantially the
15	following:
16	STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS
17	<pre>INSTRUCTIONS:</pre>
18	You may find the following documents helpful to you in
19	<pre>completing this form:</pre>
20	(1) federal income tax returns, including any related
21	schedules, attachments, and forms; and
22	(2) investment and brokerage statements.
23	To complete this form, you do not need to disclose

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1	specific amounts or values or report interests relating either
2	to political committees registered with the Illinois State
3	Board of Elections or to political committees, principal
4	campaign committees, or authorized committees registered with
5	the Federal Election Commission.
6	The information you disclose will be available to the
7	public.
8	You must answer all 6 questions. Certain questions will
9	ask you to report any applicable assets or debts held in, or
10	payable to, your name; held jointly by, or payable to, you with
11	your spouse; or held jointly by, or payable to, you with your
12	minor child. If you have any concerns about whether ar
13	interest should be reported, please consult your department's
14	ethics officer, if applicable.
15	Please ensure that the information you provide is complete
16	and accurate. If you need more space than the form allows,
17	please attach additional pages for your response. If you are
18	subject to the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, your
19	ethics officer must review your statement of economic
20	interests before you file it. Failure to complete the
21	statement in good faith and within the prescribed deadline may
22	subject you to fines, imprisonment, or both.
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23	BASIC INFORMATION:

<u>Name:</u>....

<u>Job title:</u> ______

1	Office, department, or agency that requires you to file this
2	form:
3	Other offices, departments, or agencies that require you to
4	file a Statement of Economic Interests form:
5	Full mailing address:
6	<pre>Preferred e-mail address (optional):</pre>
7	QUESTIONS:
8	1. If you have any single asset that was worth more than
9	\$5,000 as of the end of the preceding calendar year and is held
10	in, or payable to, your name, held jointly by, or payable to,
11	you with your spouse, or held jointly by, or payable to, you
12	with your minor child, list such assets below. In the case of
13	investment real estate, list the city and state where the
14	investment real estate is located. If you do not have any such
15	assets, list "none" below.
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17	<u></u>
18	<u></u>
19	<u></u>
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21	2. Excluding the position for which you are required to
22	file this form, list the source of any income in excess of
23	\$1,200 required to be reported during the preceding calendar
24	year. If you sold an asset that produced more than \$5,000 in
25	capital gains in the preceding calendar year, list the name of

1	the	asset	and	the	transaction	date	on	which	the	sale	or

transfer took place. If you had no such sources of income or 2

assets, list "none" below. 3

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4	Source of Income / Name of	Date Sold (if applicable)
5	<u>Asset</u>	
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3. Excluding debts incurred on terms available to the general public, such as mortgages, student loans, and credit card debts, if you owed any single debt in the preceding calendar year exceeding \$5,000, list the creditor of the debt below. If you had no such debts, list "none" below.

List the creditor for all applicable debts owed by you, owed jointly by you with your spouse, or owed jointly by you with your minor child. In addition to the types of debts listed above, you do not need to report any debts to or from financial institutions or government agencies, such as debts secured by automobiles, household furniture or appliances, as long as the debt was made on terms available to the general public, debts to members of your family, or debts to or from a political committee registered with the Illinois State Board of Elections or any political committee, principal campaign committee, or authorized committee registered with the Federal Election Commission.

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4. List the name of each unit of government of which you	ıor
your spouse were an employee, contractor, or office hol	der
during the preceding calendar year other than the unit	or
units of government in relation to which the person	is
required to file and the title of the position or nature of	the
contractual services.	
Name of Unit of Government Title or Nature of Service	S
<u></u> <u></u>	<u></u>
<u></u> <u></u>	· · ·
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5. If you maintain an economic relationship with	ı a
lobbyist or if a member of your family is known to you to b	e a
lobbyist registered with any unit of government in the St	ate
of Illinois, list the name of the lobbyist below and ident	ify
the nature of your relationship with the lobbyist. If you	do
not have an economic relationship with a lobbyist or a fam	ily
member known to you to be a lobbyist registered with any u	nit
of government in the State of Illinois, list "none" below.	
Name of Lobbyist Relationship to Filer	
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	<u></u> <u></u>
	<u></u> <u></u>
	6. List the name of each person, organization, or entity
	that was the source of a gift or gifts, or honorarium or
	honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate in excess of \$500
	received during the preceding calendar year and the type of
	gift or gifts, or honorarium or honoraria, excluding any gift
	or gifts from a member of your family that was not known to be
	a lobbyist registered with any unit of government in the State
	of Illinois. If you had no such gifts, list "none" below.
	<u></u>
	VERIFICATION:
	"I declare that this statement of economic interests
,	(including any attachments) has been examined by me and to the
	best of my knowledge and belief is a true, correct and complete
	statement of my economic interests as required by the Illinois
	Governmental Ethics Act. I understand that the penalty for
	willfully filing a false or incomplete statement is a fine not
	to exceed \$2,500 or imprisonment in a penal institution other
	than the penitentiary not to exceed one year, or both fine and
	<pre>imprisonment."</pre>
	Printed Name of Filer:

S	ignature:
<u>I</u> :	f this statement of economic interests requires ethics
0	fficer review prior to filing, the applicable ethics officer
mı	ust complete the following:
C]	ERTIFICATION OF ETHICS OFFICER REVIEW:
	"In accordance with law, as Ethics Officer, I reviewed
<u>t]</u>	nis statement of economic interests prior to its filing."
Б.	winted News of Rhibins Officers
	rinted Name of Ethics Officer:
Da	ate:
S	ignature:
P:	referred e-mail address (optional):
	STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTEREST
	(TYPE OR HAND PRINT)
(name)
	
+	each office or position of employment for which this
S.	tatement is filed)
(:	full mailing address)
G	ENERAL DIRECTIONS:
	The interest (if constructively controlled by the person
m	aking the statement) of a spouse or any other party, shall be

_	COMBIGCICA	to be the bame as the int	serese or one person making
2	the statement.		
3	Campaig	n receipts shall not be i	ncluded in this statement.
4	If addi	tional space is needed,	please attach supplemental
5	listing.		
6	1. List	the name and instrument	of ownership in any entity
7	doing busi	ness in the State of	Illinois, in which the
8	ownership i	nterest held by the person	on at the date of filing is
9	in excess o	f \$5,000 fair market val	ue or from which dividends
10	in excess o	f \$1,200 were derived dur	sing the preceding calendar
11	year. (In t	the case of real estate,	location thereof shall be
12	listed by	street address, or	if none, then by legal
13	description	.) No time or demand	deposit in a financial
14	institution	, nor any debt instrument	need be listed.
15	Business En	tity Instr	rument of Ownership
16	 	······································	
17	•••••	······································	•••••
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19	• • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
20	2. List	the name, address and	type of practice of any
21	professiona	l organization in whic	th the person making the
22	statement '	was an officer, directo	or, associate, partner or
23	proprietor	proprietor or served in any advisory capacity, from which	
24	income in o	excess of \$1,200 was der	rived during the preceding
25	calendar ye	ar.	
26	Name	Address	Type of Practice

1	······································
2	•••••••••••
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4	3. List the nature of professional services rendered
5	(other than to the State of Illinois) to each entity from which
6	income exceeding \$5,000 was received for professional services
7	rendered during the preceding calendar year by the person
8	making the statement.
9	······································
10	······································
11	4. List the identity (including the address or legal
12	description of real estate) of any capital asset from which a
13	capital gain of \$5,000 or more was realized during the
14	preceding calendar year.
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17	5. List the identity of any compensated lobbyist with whom
18	the person making the statement maintains a close economic
19	association, including the name of the lobbyist and specifying
20	the legislative matter or matters which are the object of the
21	lobbying activity, and describing the general type of economic
22	activity of the client or principal on whose behalf that
23	person is lobbying.
24	Lobbyist Legislative Matter Client or Principal
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26	······································

1	6. List the name of any entity doing business in the State	
2	of Illinois from which income in excess of \$1,200 was derived	
3	during the preceding calendar year other than for professional	
4	services and the title or description of any position held in	
5	that entity. (In the case of real estate, location thereof	
6	shall be listed by street address, or if none, then by legal	
7	description). No time or demand deposit in a financial	
8	institution nor any debt instrument need be listed.	
9	Entity Position Held	
10	······································	
11	••••••••••••	
12	······································	
13	7. List the name of any unit of government which employed	
14	the person making the statement during the preceding calendar	
15	year other than the unit or units of government in relation to	
16	which the person is required to file.	
17	······································	
18	•••••••••••••••••	
19	8. List the name of any entity from which a gift or gifts,	
20	or honorarium or honoraria, valued singly or in the aggregate	
21	in excess of \$500, was received during the preceding calendar	
22	year.	
23	•••••••••••	
24	VERIFICATION:	
25	"I declare that this statement of economic interests	
26	(including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been	

- examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief is a true, correct and complete statement of my economic interests as required by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. I understand that the penalty for willfully filing a false or incomplete statement shall be a fine not to exceed \$1,000 or imprisonment in a penal institution other than the penitentiary not to exceed one year, or both fine and imprisonment."

 (date of filing) (signature of person making the statement) (Source: P.A. 95-173, eff. 1-1-08.)
- 12 (5 ILCS 420/4A-107) (from Ch. 127, par. 604A-107)

Sec. 4A-107. Any person required to file a statement of economic interests under this Article who willfully files a false or incomplete statement shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor; provided, a filer's statement made in reasonable, good faith reliance on the guidance provided by the Secretary of State pursuant Section 4A-102 or his or her ethics officer shall not constitute a willful false or incomplete statement.

Except when the fees and penalties for late filing have been waived under Section 4A-105, failure to file a statement within the time prescribed shall result in ineligibility for, or forfeiture of, office or position of employment, as the case may be; provided, however, that if the notice of failure to file a statement of economic interests provided in Section

1 4A-105 of this Act is not given by the Secretary of State or the county clerk, as the case may be, no forfeiture shall 2 3 result if a statement is filed within 30 days of actual notice 4 of the failure to file. The Secretary of State shall provide 5 the Attorney General with the names of persons who failed to file a statement. The county clerk shall provide the State's 6 Attorney of the county of the entity for which the filing of 7 8 statement of economic interest is required with the name of 9 persons who failed to file a statement.

The Attorney General, with respect to offices or positions described in items (a) through (f) and items (j), (l), (n), and (p) of Section 4A-101 of this Act, or the State's Attorney of the county of the entity for which the filing of statements of economic interests is required, with respect to offices or positions described in items (a) through (e) of Section 4A-101.5, shall bring an action in quo warranto against any person who has failed to file by either May 31 or June 30 of any given year and for whom the fees and penalties for late filing have not been waived under Section 4A-105.

- 20 (Source: P.A. 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)
- 21 (5 ILCS 420/4A-108)

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- Sec. 4A-108. Internet-based systems of filing.
- 23 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any 24 other law, the Secretary of State and county clerks are 25 authorized to institute an Internet-based system for the

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filing of statements of economic interests in their offices. With respect to county clerk systems, the determination to institute such a system shall be in the sole discretion of the county clerk and shall meet the requirements set out in this Section. With respect to a Secretary of State system, the determination to institute such a system shall be in the sole discretion of the Secretary of State and shall meet the requirements set out in this Section and those Sections of the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act requiring ethics officer review prior to filing. The system shall be capable of allowing an ethics officer to approve a statement of economic interests and shall include a means to amend a statement of economic interests. When this Section does not modify or remove the requirements set forth elsewhere in this Article, those requirements shall apply to any system of Internet-based filing authorized by this Section. When this Section does modify or remove the requirements set forth elsewhere in this Article, the provisions of this Section shall apply to any system of Internet-based filing authorized by this Section.

- (b) In any system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic interests instituted by the Secretary of State or a county clerk:
 - (1) Any filing of an Internet-based statement of economic interests shall be the equivalent of the filing of a verified, written statement of economic interests as required by Section 4A-101 or 4A-101.5 and the equivalent

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of the filing of a verified, dated, and signed statement of economic interests as required by Section 4A-103 4A - 104.

- The Secretary of State and county clerks who institute a system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic interests shall establish a password-protected website to receive the filings of such statements. A website established under this Section shall set forth and provide a means of responding to the items set forth in Section 4A-103 4A-102 that are required of a person who files a statement of economic interests with that officer. A website established under this Section shall set forth and provide a means of generating a printable receipt page acknowledging filing.
- (3) The times for the filing of statements of economic interests set forth in Section 4A-105 shall be followed in any system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic interests; provided that a candidate for elective office who is required to file a statement of economic interests in relation to his or her candidacy pursuant to Section 4A-105(a) shall receive a written or printed receipt for his or her filing.

A candidate filing for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller, State Senate, or State House Representatives, Supreme Court Justice, appellate court

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judge, circuit court judge, or judicial retention shall not use the Internet to file his or her statement of economic interests, but shall file his or her statement of economic interests in a written or printed form and shall receive a written or printed receipt for his or her filing. Annually, the duly appointed ethics officer for each legislative caucus shall certify to the Secretary of State whether his or her caucus members will file their statements of economic interests electronically or in a written or printed format for that year. If the ethics officer for a caucus certifies that the statements of economic interests shall be written or printed, then members of the General Assembly of that caucus shall not use the Internet to file his or her statement of economic interests, but shall file his or her statement of economic interests in a written or printed form and shall receive a written or printed receipt for his or her filing. If no certification is made by an ethics officer for legislative caucus, or if a member of the General Assembly is not affiliated with a legislative caucus, then the affected member or members of the General Assembly may file their statements of economic interests using the Internet.

(4) In the first year of the implementation of a system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic interests, each person required to file such a statement

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is to be notified in writing of his or her obligation to file his or her statement of economic interests by way of the Internet-based system. If access to the website web site requires a code or password, this information shall be included in the notice prescribed by this paragraph.

- (5) When a person required to file a statement of economic interests has supplied the Secretary of State or a county clerk, as applicable, with an email address for the purpose of receiving notices under this Article by email, a notice sent by email to the supplied email address shall be the equivalent of a notice sent by first class mail, as set forth in Section 4A-106 or 4A-106.5. A person who has supplied such an email address shall notify the Secretary of State or county clerk, as applicable, when his or her email address changes or if he or she no longer wishes to receive notices by email.
- (6) If any person who is required to file a statement of economic interests and who has chosen to receive notices by email fails to file his or her statement by May 10, then the Secretary of State or county clerk, as applicable, shall send an additional email notice on that date, informing the person that he or she has not filed and describing the penalties for late filing and failing to file. This notice shall be in addition to other notices provided for in this Article.
 - (7) The Secretary of State and each county clerk who

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institutes a system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic interests may also institute an Internet-based process for the filing of the list of names and addresses of persons required to file statements of economic interests by the chief administrative officers that must file such information with the Secretary of State or county clerk, as applicable, pursuant to Section 4A-106 or 4A-106.5. Whenever the Secretary of State or a county clerk institutes such a system under this paragraph, every chief administrative officer must use the system to file this information.

- (8) The Secretary of State and any county clerk who institutes a system of Internet-based filing of statements of economic interests shall post the contents of such statements filed with him or her available for inspection and copying on a publicly accessible website. Such postings shall not include the addresses or signatures of the filers.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 100-1041, eff. 1-1-19; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19; 20 revised 9-12-19.)
- 21 (5 ILCS 420/4A-104 rep.)
- 22 Section 10. The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act is amended by repealing Section 4A-104 on January 1, 2022. 23
- 24 Section 15. The State Officials and Employees Ethics Act

is amended by changing Sections 5-40, 5-45, and 25-10 as 1

2 follows:

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(5 ILCS 430/5-40)

Sec. 5-40. Fundraising in Sangamon County. Except as provided in this Section, any executive branch constitutional officer, any candidate for an executive branch constitutional office, any member of the General Assembly, any candidate for the General Assembly, any political caucus of the General Assembly, or any political committee on behalf of any of the foregoing may not hold a political fundraising function in Sangamon County or a virtual fundraising function on any day the legislature is in session or the day immediately prior to or immediately after such day; except that executive branch constitutional officers, candidates for an executive branch constitutional office, members of the General Assembly, and candidates candidate for the General Assembly may have a virtual fundraising function on the day before or after a day the legislature is in session if the officer, member, or candidate is not in Sangamon County (i) during the period beginning February 1 and ending on the later of the actual adjournment dates of either house of the spring session and (ii) during fall veto session. For purposes of this Section, the legislature is not considered to be in session on a day that is solely a perfunctory session day or on a day when only a committee is meeting.

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During the period beginning June 1 and ending on the first day of fall veto session each year, this Section does not apply to (i) a member of the General Assembly whose legislative or representative district is entirely within Sangamon County or (ii) a candidate for the General Assembly from that

7 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 8-18-09.)

legislative or representative district.

(5 ILCS 430/5-45)

Sec. 5-45. Procurement; revolving door prohibition.

- (a) No former officer, member, or State employee, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if the officer, member, or State employee, during the year immediately preceding termination of State employment, participated personally and substantially in the award or fiscal administration of State contracts, or the issuance of State contract change orders, with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more to the person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary.
- (a-5) No officer, member, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person shall, during the officer or member's term in office or within a period of 2 years immediately leaving office, hold an ownership interest, other

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than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the Illinois Gambling Act, the Video Gaming Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, or the Sports Wagering Act. Any member of the General Assembly or spouse or immediate family member living with such person who has an ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the Illinois Gambling Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, the Video Gaming Act, or the Sports Wagering Act at the time of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall divest himself or herself of such ownership within one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly. No State employee who works for the Illinois Gaming Board or Illinois Racing Board or spouse or immediate family member living with such person shall, during State employment or within a period of 2 years immediately after termination of State employment, hold an ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any gaming license under the Illinois Gambling Act, the Video Gaming Act, the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975, or the Sports Wagering Act.

(a-10) This subsection (a-10) applies on and after June 25, 2021. No officer, member, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, during the officer or member's term in office or within a period of 2 years immediately after leaving office, hold an ownership interest,

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other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any cannabis business establishment which is licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act. Any member of the General Assembly or spouse or immediate family member living with such person who has an ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any cannabis business establishment which is licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act at the time of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall divest himself or herself of such ownership within one year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

No State employee who works for any State agency that regulates cannabis business establishment license holders who participated personally and substantially in the award of licenses under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or a spouse or immediate family member living with such person shall, during State employment or within a period of 2 years immediately after termination of State employment, hold an ownership interest, other than a passive interest in a publicly traded company, in any cannabis license under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.

(b) No former officer of the executive branch or State employee of the executive branch with regulatory or licensing authority, or spouse or immediate family member living with such person, shall, within a period of one year immediately

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1 after termination of State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a 2 3 person or entity if the officer or State employee, during the 4 year immediately preceding termination of State employment, 5 participated personally and substantially in making 6 regulatory or licensing decision that directly applied to the person or entity, or its parent or subsidiary. 7

- (b-5) Beginning January 1, 2022, no former officer of the executive branch shall, within a period of 6 months immediately after leaving office or for the remainder of that officer's term engage in activities at the State level that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act.
- (b-7) Beginning January 1, 2022, no former member shall, within a period of 6 months immediately after leaving office or for the remainder of the General Assembly to which that member was elected engage in activities at the State level that require registration under the Lobbyist Registration Act.
- (c) Within 6 months after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, each executive branch constitutional officer and legislative leader, the Auditor General, and the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services shall adopt a policy delineating which State positions under his or her jurisdiction and control, by the nature of their duties, may have the authority to participate personally and substantially in the award or fiscal administration of State contracts or in regulatory or

- 1 licensing decisions. The Governor shall adopt such a policy
- for all State employees of the executive branch not under the
- jurisdiction and control of any other executive branch 3
- 4 constitutional officer.
- 5 The policies required under subsection (c) of this Section
- filed with the appropriate ethics commission 6
- established under this Act or, for the Auditor General, with 7
- the Office of the Auditor General. 8
- 9 (d) Each Inspector General shall have the authority to
- 10 determine that additional State positions under his or her
- 11 jurisdiction, not otherwise subject to the policies required
- by subsection (c) of this Section, are nonetheless subject to 12
- 13 the notification requirement of subsection (f) below due to
- 14 their involvement in the award or fiscal administration of
- 15 State contracts or in regulatory or licensing decisions.
- 16 (e) The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services,
- the Auditor General, and each of the executive branch 17
- constitutional officers and legislative leaders subject to 18
- 19 subsection (c) of this Section shall provide written
- 20 notification to all employees in positions subject to the
- policies required by subsection (c) or a determination made 2.1
- 22 under subsection (d): (1) upon hiring, promotion, or transfer
- 23 into the relevant position; and (2) at the time the employee's
- 24 duties are changed in such a way as to qualify that employee.
- 25 An employee receiving notification must certify in writing
- 26 that the person was advised of the prohibition and the

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requirement to notify the appropriate Inspector General in subsection (f).

(f) Any State employee in a position subject to the policies required by subsection (c) or to a determination under subsection (d), but who does not fall within the prohibition of subsection (h) below, who is offered non-State employment during State employment or within a period of one year immediately after termination of State employment shall, prior to accepting such non-State employment, notify the appropriate Inspector General. Within 10 calendar days after receiving notification from an employee in a position subject to the policies required by subsection (c), such Inspector General shall make a determination as to whether the State employee is restricted from accepting such employment by subsection (a) or (b). In making a determination, in addition to any other relevant information, an Inspector General shall the prospective assess the effect of employment relationship upon decisions referred to in subsections (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. A determination by an Inspector General must be in writing, signed and dated by the Inspector General, and delivered to the subject of the determination within 10 calendar days or the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity. For purposes of this subsection, "appropriate Inspector General" means (i) for members and employees of the

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legislative branch, the Legislative Inspector General; (ii) for the Auditor General and employees of the Office of the Auditor General, the Inspector General provided for in Section 30-5 of this Act; and (iii) for executive branch officers and employees, the Inspector General having jurisdiction over the officer or employee. Notice of any determination of an Inspector General and of any such appeal shall be given to the ultimate jurisdictional authority, the Attorney General, and the Executive Ethics Commission.

(g) An Inspector General's determination regarding restrictions under subsection (a) or (b) may be appealed to the appropriate Ethics Commission by the person subject to the decision or the Attorney General no later than the 10th calendar day after the date of the determination.

On appeal, the Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall seek, accept, and consider written public comments regarding a determination. In deciding whether to uphold an Inspector General's determination, the appropriate Ethics Commission or Auditor General shall assess, in addition to any other relevant information, the effect of the prospective employment or relationship upon the decisions referred to in subsections (a) and (b), based on the totality of the participation by the former officer, member, or State employee in those decisions. The Ethics Commission shall decide whether to uphold an Inspector General's determination within 10 calendar days or the person is deemed eligible for the employment opportunity.

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- (h) The following officers, members, or State employees shall not, within a period of one year immediately after termination of office or State employment, knowingly accept employment or receive compensation or fees for services from a person or entity if the person or entity or its parent or subsidiary, during the year immediately preceding termination of State employment, was a party to a State contract or contracts with a cumulative value of \$25,000 or more involving the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, or was the subject of a regulatory or licensing decision involving the officer, member, or State employee's State agency, regardless of whether he or she participated personally and substantially in the award or fiscal administration of the State contract or contracts or the making of the regulatory or licensing decision in question:
 - (1) members or officers;
 - (2) members of a commission or board created by the Illinois Constitution;
 - (3) persons whose appointment to office is subject to the advice and consent of the Senate;
 - (4) the head of a department, commission, board, division, bureau, authority, or other administrative unit within the government of this State;
 - (5) chief procurement officers, State purchasing officers, and their designees whose duties are directly related to State procurement;

1	(6) chiefs of staff, deputy chiefs of staff, associate
2	chiefs of staff, assistant chiefs of staff, and deputy
3	governors, or any other position that holds an equivalent
4	level of managerial oversight;

- level of managerial oversight;
 - (7) employees of the Illinois Racing Board; and
- (8) employees of the Illinois Gaming Board. 6
- (i) For the purposes of this Section, with respect to 7 8 officers or employees of a regional transit board, as defined in this Act, the phrase "person or entity" does not include: 9
- 10 (i) the United States government, (ii) the State, (iii)
- 11 municipalities, as defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the
- Illinois Constitution, (iv) units of local government, as 12
- 13 defined under Article VII, Section 1 of the Illinois
- Constitution, or (v) school districts. 14
- 15 (Source: P.A. 101-31, eff. 6-28-19; 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)
- (5 ILCS 430/25-10) 16
- Sec. 25-10. Office of Legislative Inspector General. 17
- (a) The independent Office of the Legislative Inspector 18 19 General is created. The Office shall be under the direction
- 20 and supervision of the Legislative Inspector General and shall
- 21 be a fully independent office with its own appropriation and
- 22 regular post office hours in Springfield.
- 23 (b) The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed
- 24 without regard to political affiliation and solely on the
- basis of integrity and demonstrated ability. The Legislative 25

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Ethics Commission shall diligently search out qualified candidates for Legislative Inspector General and shall make recommendations to the General Assembly. The Legislative Inspector General is a full-time employee of the State of Illinois may serve in a full time, part time, or contractual capacity.

The Legislative Inspector General shall be appointed by a resolution of the Senate and the House Representatives, which may specify the date on which the appointment takes effect. A joint resolution, or other document as may be specified by the Joint Rules of the General Assembly, appointing the Legislative Inspector General must be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate as having been adopted by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the members elected to each house, respectively, and be filed with the Secretary of State. The appointment of the Legislative Inspector General takes effect on the day the appointment is completed by the General Assembly, unless the appointment specifies a later date on which it is to become effective.

The Legislative Inspector General shall have the following qualifications:

- (1) has not been convicted of any felony under the laws of this State, another state, or the United States;
- 25 (2) has earned a baccalaureate degree from an 26 institution of higher education; and

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(3) has 5 or more years of cumulative service (A) with a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, at least 2 years of which have been in a progressive investigatory capacity; (B) as a federal, State, or local prosecutor; (C) as a senior manager or executive of a federal, State, or local agency; (D) as a member, an officer, or a State or federal judge; or (E) representing any combination of items (A) through (D).

The Legislative Inspector General may not be a relative of a commissioner.

The term of the initial Legislative Inspector General shall commence upon qualification and shall run through June 30, 2008.

After the initial term, the Legislative Inspector General shall serve for 5-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment and running through June 30 of the fifth following year. The Legislative Inspector General may be reappointed to one or more subsequent terms. Terms shall run regardless of whether the position is filled.

(b-5) A vacancy occurring other than at the end of a term shall be filled in the same manner as an appointment only for the balance of the term of the Legislative Inspector General whose office is vacant. Within 7 days of the Office becoming vacant or receipt of a Legislative Inspector General's prospective resignation, the vacancy shall be publicly posted on the Commission's website, along with a description of the

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1 requirements for the position and where applicants may apply.

Within 45 days of the vacancy, the Commission shall designate an Acting Legislative Inspector General who shall serve until the vacancy is filled. The Commission shall file the designation in writing with the Secretary of State.

Within 60 days prior to the end of the term of the Legislative Inspector General or within 30 days of occurrence of a vacancy in the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall establish a four-member search committee within the Commission for the purpose of conducting a search for qualified candidates to serve as Legislative Inspector General. The Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of the House, Senate President, and Minority Leader of the Senate shall each appoint one member to the search committee. A member of the search committee shall be either a retired judge or former prosecutor and may not be a member or employee of the General Assembly or a registered lobbyist. If the Legislative Ethics Commission wishes to recommend that the Legislative Inspector General be re-appointed, a search committee does not need to be appointed.

The search committee shall conduct a search for qualified candidates, accept applications, and conduct interviews. The search committee shall recommend up to 3 candidates Legislative Inspector General to the Legislative Ethics Commission. The search committee shall be disbanded upon an

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1 appointment of the Legislative Inspector General. Members of the search committee are not entitled to compensation but 2 shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses 3

incurred in connection with the performance of their duties.

Within 30 days after June 8, 2018 (the effective date of Public Act 100-588) this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the Legislative Ethics Commission shall create a search committee in the manner provided for in this subsection to recommend up to 3 candidates for Legislative Inspector General to the Legislative Ethics Commission by October 31, 2018.

If a vacancy exists and the Commission has not appointed an Acting Legislative Inspector General, either the staff of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, or if there is no staff, the Executive Director, shall advise the Commission of all open investigations and any new allegations or complaints received in the Office of the Inspector General. These reports shall not include the name of any person identified in the allegation or complaint, including, but not limited to, the subject of and the person filing the allegation or complaint. Notification shall be made to the Commission on a weekly basis unless the Commission approves of a different reporting schedule.

If the Office of the Inspector General is vacant for 6 months or more beginning on or after January 1, 2019, and the Legislative Ethics Commission has not appointed an Acting

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1 Legislative Inspector General, all complaints made to the Legislative Inspector General or the Legislative Ethics 2 3 Commission shall be directed to the Inspector General for the 4 Auditor General, and he or she shall have the authority to act 5 as provided in subsection (c) of this Section and Section 25-20 of this Act, and shall be subject to all laws and rules 6 7 а Legislative Inspector General or 8 Legislative Inspector General. The authority for the Inspector 9 General of the Auditor General under this paragraph shall 10 terminate upon appointment of a Legislative Inspector General 11 or an Acting Legislative Inspector General.

(c) The Legislative Inspector General shall have jurisdiction over the current and former members of the General Assembly regarding events occurring during a member's term of office and current and former State employees regarding events occurring during any period of employment where the State employee's ultimate jurisdictional authority is (i) a legislative leader, (ii) the Senate Operations Commission, or (iii) the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services.

The jurisdiction of each Legislative Inspector General is to investigate allegations of fraud, waste, abuse, mismanagement, misconduct, nonfeasance, misfeasance, malfeasance, or violations of this Act or violations of other related laws and rules.

The Legislative Inspector General shall have jurisdiction

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over complainants in violation of subsection (e) of Section 25-63 of this Act.

- shall be the greater of an amount (i) determined by the Commission, but in no event shall such compensation be less than the highest amount received by an Executive Inspector General under Section 20-10 or (ii) by joint resolution of the General Assembly passed by a majority of members elected in each chamber. Subject to Section 25-45 of this Act, the Legislative Inspector General has full authority to organize the Office of the Legislative Inspector General, including the employment and determination of the compensation of staff, such as deputies, assistants, and other employees, as appropriations permit. Employment of staff is subject to the approval of at least 3 of the 4 legislative leaders.
- (e) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, during his or her term of appointment or employment:
 - (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
 - (2) hold any other elected or appointed public office except for appointments on governmental advisory boards or study commissions or as otherwise expressly authorized by law;
- 24 (3) be actively involved in the affairs of any political party or political organization; or
 - (4) actively participate in any campaign for any

- 1 elective office.
- 2 A full-time Legislative Inspector General shall not engage
- 3 in the practice of law or any other business, employment, or
- 4 vocation.
- 5 In this subsection an appointed public office means a
- 6 position authorized by law that is filled by an appointing
- 7 authority as provided by law and does not include employment
- 8 by hiring in the ordinary course of business.
- 9 (e-1) No Legislative Inspector General or employee of the
- 10 Office of the Legislative Inspector General may, for one year
- after the termination of his or her appointment or employment:
- 12 (1) become a candidate for any elective office;
- 13 (2) hold any elected public office; or
- 14 (3) hold any appointed State, county, or local
- 15 judicial office.
- 16 (e-2) The requirements of item (3) of subsection (e-1) may
- 17 be waived by the Legislative Ethics Commission.
- 18 (f) The Commission may remove the Legislative Inspector
- 19 General only for cause. At the time of the removal, the
- 20 Commission must report to the General Assembly the
- 21 justification for the removal.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19;
- 23 revised 9-12-19.)
- 24 Section 20. The Election Code is amended by changing
- Sections 1A-14, 9-1.8, and 9-8.5 and by adding Section 9-3.5

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- 2 (10 ILCS 5/1A-14) (from Ch. 46, par. 1A-14)
- 3 Sec. 1A-14. Political activity by members of the State 4 Board of Elections.
 - (a) No member of the State Board of Elections may become a candidate for nomination for, or election to, or accept appointment to or hold any other remunerative public office or public employment or any office in a political party. No member of the State Board of Elections shall: (i) contribute, either financially or in services or goods or any other way, to any political committee; (ii) serve as an officer of any political committee; or (iii) be a candidate who is designated as the candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee.
- (b) A member of the State Board of Elections who is either an officer of a political committee or a candidate who is designated as the candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee shall within 30 days after confirmation by the Senate: (i) resign as an officer of the political committee; (ii) have his or her name removed as the candidate to be supported by a political committee; (iii) notify the Board of the member's intent to convert the political committee to a limited activity committee under Section 9-1.8, and complete the transition to a limited activity committee within 60 days after confirmation; or (iv) dissolve the 25

- 1 committee. A member of the State Board of Elections who is in
- violation of this subsection (b) on the effective date of this 2
- amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly must come into 3
- 4 compliance within 30 days after the effective date of this
- 5 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.
- 6 (c) Violation of any prohibition in this Section shall
- disqualify a member of the Board and a vacancy is thereby 7
- 8 created. A vacancy also exists upon the occurrence of any of
- 9 the events enumerated in Section 25-2 of this Act as in the
- 10 case of an elective office.
- 11 (d) As used in this Section, "political committee"
- includes both the meaning provided in Section 9-1.8 of this 12
- 13 Code and the meaning provided in 52 U.S.C. 30101.
- (Source: P.A. 80-1178.) 14
- 15 (10 ILCS 5/9-1.8) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-1.8)
- Sec. 9-1.8. Political committees. 16
- (a) "Political committee" includes a candidate political 17
- committee, a political party committee, a political action 18
- 19 committee, a ballot initiative committee, and an independent
- 20 expenditure committee.
- (b) "Candidate political committee" means the candidate 21
- 22 himself or herself or any natural person, trust, partnership,
- 23 corporation, or other organization or group of persons
- 24 designated by the candidate that accepts contributions or
- 25 makes expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate

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- amount exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of the candidate.
- (c) "Political party committee" means the State central committee of a political party, a county central committee of a political party, a legislative caucus committee, or a committee formed by a ward or township committeeperson of a political party. For purposes of this Article, a "legislative caucus committee" means a committee established for the purpose of electing candidates to the General Assembly by the person elected President of the Senate, Minority Leader of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, or a committee established by 5 or more members of the same caucus of the Senate or 10 or more members of the same caucus of the House of Representatives.
 - (d) "Political action committee" means any natural person, trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other organization or group of persons, other than a candidate, political party, candidate political committee, or political party committee, that accepts contributions or makes expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 on behalf of or in opposition to a candidate or candidates for public office. "Political action committee" includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other organization or group of persons, other than a candidate, political party, candidate political committee, or political party committee, that makes

- electioneering communications during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to any candidate or candidates for public office.
- 4 (e) "Ballot initiative committee" means any natural 5 partnership, committee, person, trust, association, 6 corporation, or other organization or group of persons that accepts contributions or makes expenditures during 7 8 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in 9 support of or in opposition to any question of public policy to 10 be submitted to the electors. "Ballot initiative committee" 11 includes any natural person, trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other organization or group of 12 13 persons that makes electioneering communications during any 14 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 15 related to any question of public policy to be submitted to the 16 voters. The \$5,000 threshold applies to any contributions or expenditures received or made with the purpose of securing a 17 place on the ballot for, advocating the defeat or passage of, 18 or engaging in electioneering communication regarding the 19 20 question of public policy, regardless of the method of initiation of the question of public policy and regardless of 2.1 whether petitions have been circulated or filed with the 22 23 appropriate office or whether the question has been adopted 24 and certified by the governing body.
 - (f) "Independent expenditure committee" means any trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or other

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organization or group of persons formed for the exclusive purpose of making independent expenditures during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 in support of or in opposition to (i) the nomination for election, election, retention, or defeat of any public official or candidate or (ii) any question of public policy to be submitted to the electors. "Independent expenditure committee" also includes any trust, partnership, committee, association, corporation, other organization or group of persons that electioneering communications that are not made in connection, consultation, or concert with or at the request or suggestion of a public official or candidate, a public official's or candidate's designated political committee or campaign, or an agent or agents of the public official, candidate, or political committee or campaign during any 12-month period in an aggregate amount exceeding \$5,000 related to (i) the nomination for election, election, retention, or defeat of any public official or candidate or (ii) any question of public policy to be submitted to the voters.

(g) "Limited activity committee" means a political committee for which a person who is nominated to a position that is subject to confirmation by the Senate, including a member of the State Board of Elections, is either an officer or a candidate the committee has designated to support.

(Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

- 1 (10 ILCS 5/9-3.5 new)
- Sec. 9-3.5. Candidate political committee restrictions. 2
- (a) A person who is nominated to an affected office shall 3
- 4 not: (i) serve as an officer of a candidate political
- 5 committee that is designated to support or oppose that person
- as a candidate; or (ii) be a candidate who is designated as the 6
- candidate to be supported by a candidate political committee. 7
- (b) Within 30 days after appointment, the person shall: 8
- 9 (i) dissolve the candidate political committee; (ii) resign as
- 10 an officer of the candidate political committee; (iii) have
- 11 his or her name removed as the candidate to be supported by the
- candidate political committee; or (iv) notify the Board of the 12
- 13 person's intent to convert the candidate political committee
- 14 to a limited activity candidate political committee.
- 15 (c) As used in this Section, "affected office" has the
- meaning provided in subsection (c) of Section 3A-50 of the 16
- Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. 17
- (10 ILCS 5/9-8.5)18
- 19 Sec. 9-8.5. Limitations on campaign contributions.
- (a) It is unlawful for a political committee to accept 20
- contributions except as provided in this Section. 21
- During an election cycle, a candidate political 22
- committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value 23
- 24 over the following: (i) \$5,000 from any individual, (ii)
- 25 \$10,000 from any corporation, labor organization, or

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association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a candidate political committee or political action committee. A candidate political committee may accept contributions in any amount from a political party committee except during an election cycle in which the candidate seeks nomination at a primary election. During an election cycle in which the candidate seeks nomination at a primary election, a candidate political committee may not accept contributions from political party committees with an aggregate value over the following: (i) \$200,000 for a candidate political committee established to support a candidate seeking nomination to statewide office, (ii) \$125,000 for a candidate political committee established to support a candidate seeking nomination to the Senate, the Supreme Court or Appellate Court in the First Judicial District, or an office elected by all voters in a county with 1,000,000 or more residents, (iii) \$75,000 for a candidate political committee established to support a candidate seeking nomination to the House of Representatives, the Supreme Court or Appellate Court for a Judicial District other than the First Judicial District, an office elected by all voters of a county of fewer than 1,000,000 residents, and municipal and county offices in Cook County other than those elected by all voters of Cook County, and (iv) \$50,000 for a candidate political committee established to support the nomination of a candidate to any other office. A candidate political committee established to elect a candidate to the General Assembly may

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accept contributions from only one legislative caucus committee. A candidate political committee may not accept contributions from a ballot initiative committee or from an independent expenditure committee.

(c) During an election cycle, a political party committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from any corporation, labor organization, or association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a political action committee. A political party committee may accept contributions in any amount from another political party committee or a candidate political committee, except as provided in subsection (c-5). Nothing in this Section shall limit the amounts that may be transferred between a political party committee established under subsection (a) of Section 7-8 of this Code and an affiliated federal political committee established under the Federal Election Code by the same political party. A political party committee may not accept contributions from a initiative committee or from an independent expenditure committee. A political party committee established by a legislative caucus may not accept contributions from another political party committee established by a legislative caucus.

(c-5) During the period beginning on the date candidates may begin circulating petitions for a primary election and ending on the day of the primary election, a political party committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value

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over \$50,000 from a candidate political committee or political party committee. A political party committee may accept contributions in any amount from a candidate political committee or political party committee if the political party committee receiving the contribution filed a statement of nonparticipation in the primary as provided in subsection (c-10). The Task Force on Campaign Finance Reform shall study and make recommendations on the provisions of this subsection to the Governor and General Assembly by September 30, 2012. This subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and thereafter no longer applies.

(c-10) A political party committee that does not intend to make contributions to candidates to be nominated at a general primary election or consolidated primary election may file a Statement of Nonparticipation in a Primary Election with the Board. The Statement of Nonparticipation shall include a verification signed by the chairperson and treasurer of the committee that (i) the committee will not make contributions or coordinated expenditures in support of or opposition to a candidate or candidates to be nominated at the general primary election or consolidated primary election (select one) to be held on (insert date), (ii) the political party committee may accept unlimited contributions from candidate political committees and political party committees, provided that the political party committee does not make contributions to a candidate or candidates to be nominated at the primary

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- 1 election, and (iii) failure to abide by these requirements shall deem the political party committee in violation of this 2 3 Article and subject the committee to a fine of no more than 4 150% of the total contributions or coordinated expenditures 5 made by the committee in violation of this Article. This subsection becomes inoperative on July 1, 2013 and thereafter 6 7 no longer applies.
 - (d) During an election cycle, a political action committee may not accept contributions with an aggregate value over the following: (i) \$10,000 from any individual, (ii) \$20,000 from any corporation, labor organization, political party committee, or association, or (iii) \$50,000 from a political action committee or candidate political committee. A political action committee may not accept contributions from a ballot initiative committee or from an independent expenditure committee.
 - (e) A ballot initiative committee may accept contributions in any amount from any source, provided that the committee files the document required by Section 9-3 of this Article and files the disclosure reports required by the provisions of this Article.
 - (e-5) An independent expenditure committee may accept contributions in any amount from any source, provided that the committee files the document required by Section 9-3 of this Article and files the disclosure reports required by the provisions of this Article.

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- (e-10) A limited activity committee shall not accept contributions, except that the officer or a candidate the committee has designated to support may contribute personal funds in order to pay for maintenance expenses. A limited activity committee may only make expenditures that are: (i) necessary for maintenance of the committee; (ii) for rent or lease payments until the end of the lease in effect at the time the officer or candidate is confirmed by the Senate; (iii) contributions to 501(c)(3) charities; or (iv) returning contributions to original contributors.
- (f) Nothing in this Section shall prohibit a political committee from dividing the proceeds of joint fundraising efforts; provided that no political committee may receive more than the limit from any one contributor, and provided that an independent expenditure committee may not conduct joint fundraising efforts with a candidate political committee or a political party committee.
- (g) On January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the State Board of Elections shall adjust the amounts of the contribution limitations established in this Section for inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100. The State Board shall publish this information on its official website.
- (h) Self-funding candidates. If a public official, a candidate, or the public official's or candidate's immediate

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family contributes or loans to the public official's or candidate's political committee or other political to committees that transfer funds to the public official's or candidate's political committee or makes independent expenditures for the benefit of the public official's or candidate's campaign during the 12 months prior to an election in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective offices, then the public official or candidate shall file with the State Board of Elections, within one day, a Notification of Self-funding that shall detail each contribution or loan made by the public official, the candidate, or the public official's or candidate's immediate family. Within 2 business days after the filing of a Notification of Self-funding, the notification shall be posted on the Board's website and the Board shall give official notice of the filing to each candidate for the same office as the public official or candidate making the filing, including the public official or candidate filing the Notification of Self-funding. Notice shall be sent via first class mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee. Notice shall also be sent by e-mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee if the candidate and the treasurer, as applicable, have provided the Board with an e-mail address. Upon posting of the notice on the Board's website, all candidates for that office, including the public official or

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candidate who filed a Notification of Self-funding, shall be accept contributions permitted to in excess of anv contribution limits imposed by subsection (b). If a public official or candidate filed a Notification of Self-funding during an election cycle that includes a general primary election or consolidated primary election and that public official or candidate is nominated, all candidates for that office, including the nominee who filed the notification of self-funding, shall be permitted to accept contributions in excess of any contribution limit imposed by subsection (b) for the subsequent election cycle. For the purposes of this subsection, "immediate family" means the spouse, parent, or child of a public official or candidate.

(h-5) If a natural person or independent expenditure committee makes independent expenditures in support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular public official or candidate in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective offices in an election cycle, as reported in a written disclosure filed under subsection (a) of Section 9-8.6 or subsection (e-5) of Section 9-10, then the State Board of Elections shall, within 2 business days after the filing of the disclosure, post the disclosure on the Board's website and give official notice of the disclosure to each candidate for the same office as the public official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the natural person or independent

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1 expenditure committee made independent expenditures. Upon posting of the notice on the Board's website, all candidates 2 for that office in that election, including the public 3 4 official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the 5 natural person or independent expenditure committee made independent expenditures, shall be permitted to accept 6 contributions in excess of any contribution limits imposed by 7 8 subsection (b).

of (h-10)Ιf the State Board Elections receives notification or determines that a natural person or persons, independent expenditure committee or committees, combination thereof has made independent expenditures in support of or in opposition to the campaign of a particular public official or candidate in an aggregate amount of more than (i) \$250,000 for statewide office or (ii) \$100,000 for all other elective offices in an election cycle, then the Board shall, within 2 business days after discovering the independent expenditures that, in the aggregate, exceed the threshold set forth in (i) and (ii) of this subsection, post notice of this fact on the Board's website and give official notice to each candidate for the same office as the public official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the independent expenditures were made. Notice shall be sent via first class mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee. Notice shall also be sent by e-mail to the candidate and the treasurer of the candidate's committee

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if the candidate and the treasurer, as applicable, have provided the Board with an e-mail address. Upon posting of the notice on the Board's website, all candidates of that office in that election, including the public official or candidate for whose benefit or detriment the independent expenditures were made, may accept contributions in excess of any contribution limits imposed by subsection (b).

(i) For the purposes of this Section, a corporation, labor organization, association, or a political action committee established by a corporation, labor organization, association may act as a conduit in facilitating the delivery to a political action committee of contributions made through dues, levies, or similar assessments and the political action committee may report the contributions in the aggregate, provided that: (i) contributions made through dues, levies, or similar assessments paid by any natural person, corporation, labor organization, or association in a calendar year may not exceed the limits set forth in this Section; (ii) the corporation, labor organization, association, or a political action committee established by a corporation, organization, or association facilitating the delivery of contributions maintains а list of natural persons, corporations, labor organizations, and associations that paid the dues, levies, or similar assessments from which the contributions comprising the aggregate amount derive; and (iii) contributions made through dues, levies, or similar

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assessments paid by any natural person, corporation, labor organization, or association that exceed \$500 in a quarterly reporting period shall be itemized on the committee's quarterly report and may not be reported in the aggregate. A political action committee facilitating the delivery of contributions or receiving contributions shall disclose the amount of contributions made through dues delivered or received and the name of the corporation, labor organization, association, or political action committee delivering the contributions, if applicable. On January 1 of each odd-numbered year, the State Board of Elections shall adjust the amounts of the contribution limitations established in this subsection for inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers as issued by the United States Department of Labor and rounded to the nearest \$100. The State Board shall publish this information on its official website.

(j) A political committee that receives a contribution or transfer in violation of this Section shall dispose of the contribution or transfer by returning the contribution or transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or transfer, to the contributor or transferor or donating the contribution or transfer, or an amount equal to the contribution or transfer, to a charity. A contribution or transfer received in violation of this Section that is not disposed of as provided in this subsection within 30 days after the Board sends

- 1 notification to the political committee of the excess
- contribution by certified mail shall escheat to the General 2
- Revenue Fund and the political committee shall be deemed in 3
- 4 violation of this Section and subject to a civil penalty not to
- 5 exceed 150% of the total amount of the contribution.
- (k) For the purposes of this Section, "statewide office" 6
- means the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, 7
- 8 Secretary of State, Comptroller, and Treasurer.
- 9 (1) This Section is repealed if and when the United States
- 10 Supreme Court invalidates contribution limits on committees
- 11 formed to assist candidates, political parties, corporations,
- associations, or labor organizations established by or 12
- 13 pursuant to federal law.
- (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12; 98-115, eff. 7-29-13.) 14
- 15 Section 25. The General Assembly Compensation Act is
- amended by changing Section 1 as follows: 16
- 17 (25 ILCS 115/1) (from Ch. 63, par. 14)
- 18 Sec. 1. Each member of the General Assembly shall receive
- an annual salary of \$28,000 or as set by the Compensation 19
- 20 Review Board, whichever is greater. The following named
- 21 officers, committee chairmen and committee minority spokesmen
- 22 shall receive additional amounts per year for their services
- 23 as such officers, committee chairmen and committee minority
- 24 spokesmen respectively, as set by the Compensation Review

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Board or, as follows, whichever is greater: Beginning the second Wednesday in January 1989, the Speaker and the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the President and the minority leader of the Senate, \$16,000 each; the majority leader in the House of Representatives \$13,500; 5 assistant majority leaders and 5 assistant minority leaders in the Senate, \$12,000 each; 6 assistant majority leaders and 6 assistant minority leaders in the House of Representatives, \$10,500 each; 2 Deputy Majority leaders in the House of Representatives \$11,500 each; and 2 Deputy Minority leaders in the House of Representatives, \$11,500 each; the majority caucus chairman and minority caucus chairman in the Senate, \$12,000 each; and beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the majority conference chairman and the minority conference chairman in the House of Representatives, \$10,500 each; beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the chairman and minority spokesman of each standing committee of the Senate, except the Rules Committee, the Committee on Committees, and the Committee on Assignment of Bills, \$6,000 each; and beginning the second Wednesday in January, 1989, the chairman and minority spokesman of each standing and select committee of the House of Representatives, \$6,000 each; and beginning fiscal year 2020, the majority leader in the Senate, an amount equal to the majority leader in the House. A member who serves in more than one position as an officer, committee chairman, or committee minority spokesman shall receive only

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one additional amount based on the position paying the highest additional amount. The compensation provided for in this Section to be paid per year to members of the General Assembly, including the additional sums payable per year to officers of the General Assembly shall be paid in 12 equal monthly installments until December 31, 2021. Beginning January 1, 2022 the compensation provided for in this Section to be paid per year to members of the General Assembly, including additional sums payable per year to officers of the General Assembly, shall be paid bi-monthly. Members who resign before completing the entire term in office shall be compensated on a prorated basis. Members completing the term of a vacancy shall be compensated on a prorated basis. The first such installment is payable on January 31, 1977. All subsequent equal monthly installments are payable on the last working day of the month. A member who has held office any part of a month is entitled to compensation for an entire month.

Mileage shall be paid at the rate of 20 cents per mile before January 9, 1985, and at the mileage allowance rate in effect under regulations promulgated pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5707(b)(2) beginning January 9, 1985, for the number of actual highway miles necessarily and conveniently traveled by the most feasible route to be present upon convening of the sessions of the General Assembly by such member in each and every trip during each session in going to and returning from the seat of government, to be computed by the Comptroller. A

1 member traveling by public transportation for such purposes, however, shall be paid his actual cost of that transportation 2 instead of on the mileage rate if his cost of public 3 4 transportation exceeds the amount to which he would be 5 entitled on a mileage basis. No member may be paid, whether on a mileage basis or for actual costs of public transportation, 6 for more than one such trip for each week the General Assembly 7 is actually in session. Each member shall also receive an 8 9 allowance of \$36 per day for lodging and meals while in 10 attendance at sessions of the General Assembly before January 9, 1985; beginning January 9, 1985, such food and lodging 11 allowance shall be equal to the amount per day permitted to be 12 13 deducted for such expenses under the Internal Revenue Code; however, beginning May 31, 1995, no allowance for food and 14 15 lodging while in attendance at sessions is authorized for 16 periods of time after the last day in May of each calendar year, except (i) if the General Assembly is convened in 17 special session by either the Governor or the presiding 18 officers of both houses, as provided by subsection (b) of 19 20 Section 5 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution or (ii) if the General Assembly is convened to consider bills vetoed, 2.1 reduced, 22 item vetoed, or returned with 23 recommendations for change by the Governor as provided in 24 Section 9 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution. For 25 fiscal year 2011 and for session days in fiscal years 2012,

2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 only (i) the

- 1 allowance for lodging and meals is \$111 per day and (ii)
- 2 mileage for automobile travel shall be reimbursed at a rate of
- 3 \$0.39 per mile.
- 4 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 5 contrary, beginning in fiscal year 2012, travel reimbursement
- 6 for General Assembly members on non-session days shall be
- 7 calculated using the guidelines set forth by the Legislative
- 8 Travel Control Board, except that fiscal year 2012, 2013,
- 9 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019 mileage reimbursement
- is set at a rate of \$0.39 per mile.
- If a member dies having received only a portion of the
- 12 amount payable as compensation, the unpaid balance shall be
- paid to the surviving spouse of such member, or, if there be
- none, to the estate of such member.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 100-25, eff. 7-26-17; 100-587, eff. 6-4-18;
- 16 101-10, eff. 6-5-19; revised 7-17-19.)
- 17 Section 30. The Lobbyist Registration Act is amended by
- 18 changing Sections 2, 3, 4.5, 4.7, 5, 6, 8, and 11.2 as follows:
- 19 (25 ILCS 170/2) (from Ch. 63, par. 172)
- Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the
- 21 context otherwise requires:
- 22 (a) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
- committee, association, corporation, or any other organization
- or group of persons.

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officials;

1	(b) "Expenditure" means a payment, distribution, loan,
2	advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and
3	includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not
4	legally enforceable, to make an expenditure, for the ultimate
5	purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or
6	administrative action, other than compensation as defined in
7	subsection (d).
8	(c) "Official" means:
9	(1) the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of
10	State, Attorney General, State Treasurer, and State
11	Comptroller;
12	(2) Chiefs of Staff for officials described in item
13	(1), the Deputy Governor, the Deputy Secretary of State,
14	the Deputy Attorney General, the Deputy Treasurer, and the
15	<pre>Deputy Comptroller;</pre>
16	(3) Cabinet members of any elected constitutional
17	officer, including Directors, Assistant Directors and
18	Chief Legal Counsel or General Counsel;
19	(4) Members of the General Assembly; and
20	(5) Members of any board, commission, authority, or
21	task force of the State authorized or created by State law
22	or by executive order of the Governor $:$ -
23	(6) Mayors, presidents, aldermen, commissioners, and
24	trustees of a city, village, or town;

(7) County board members and countywide elected

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1	(8)	Township	board	members	and	township	elected
2 0	fficial	s; and					

- (9) Members of any board, commission, authority, or task force created by a local ordinance or order of a mayor or village or town president.
- (d) "Compensation" means any money, thing of value or financial benefits received or to be received in return for services rendered or to be rendered, for lobbying or as a consultant as defined in subsection (e).

Monies paid to members of the General Assembly by the State as remuneration for performance of their Constitutional and statutory duties as members of the General Assembly shall not constitute compensation as defined by this Act.

- (e) "Lobby" and "lobbying" means any communication, including the soliciting of others to communicate, with an official of the executive or legislative branch of State government as defined in subsection (c) for the ultimate purpose of influencing any executive, legislative, or administrative action at the State, municipal, county, or township government level.
- (f) "Influencing" means any communication, action, reportable expenditure as prescribed in Section 6 or other means used to promote, support, affect, modify, oppose or delay any executive, legislative or administrative action or to promote goodwill with officials as defined in subsection (c).

proceeding.

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- 1 "Executive action" means the proposal, drafting, (a) development, consideration, amendment, adoption, approval, 2 3 promulgation, issuance, modification, rejection 4 postponement by a State, municipal, county, or township 5 government entity of a rule, regulation, order, decision, determination, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement 6 other quasi-legislative or quasi-judicial action or 7
- (h) "Legislative action" means the development, drafting, introduction, consideration, modification, adoption, rejection, review, enactment, or passage or defeat of any bill, amendment, resolution, ordinance, report, nomination, administrative rule or other matter by either house of the General Assembly or a committee thereof, or by a legislator, by the legislative body of a municipality, county, or township, or by an alderman, trustee, or township board 16 member. Legislative action also means the action of the Governor, mayor, or village or township board president, or county executive in approving or vetoing any bill, ordinance, or resolution or portion thereof, and the action of such officials the Governor or any agency under their jurisdiction 22 in the development of a legislative proposal for introduction 23 in the legislature.
 - "Administrative action" means the execution rejection of any rule, regulation, legislative rule, standard, fee, rate, contractual arrangement, purchasing agreement or

- 1 other delegated legislative or quasi-legislative action to be
- taken or withheld by any executive agency, department, board 2
- or commission of the State, municipal, county, or township. 3
- 4 (j) "Lobbyist" means any natural person who undertakes to
- 5 lobby State, municipal, county, or township government as
- provided in subsection (e). 6
- "Lobbying entity" means any entity that hires, 7
- 8 retains, employs, or compensates a natural person to lobby
- 9 State, municipal, county, or township government as provided
- 10 in subsection (e).
- 11 (1) "Authorized agent" means the person designated by an
- entity or lobbyist registered under this Act as the person 12
- responsible for submission and retention of reports required 13
- 14 under this Act.
- 15 (m) "Client" means any person or entity that provides
- 16 compensation to a lobbyist to lobby State, municipal, county,
- or township government as provided in subsection (e) of this 17
- 18 Section.
- 19 (n) "Client registrant" means a client who is required to
- 20 register under this Act.
- (o) "Unit of local government" has the meaning ascribed to 2.1
- it in Section 1 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution and 22
- 23 also includes school districts and community college
- 24 districts.
- 25 (p) "Consultant" means any natural person or entity who,
- for compensation, provides advisory services, including but 26

- 1 not limited to, rendering opinions on or developing strategies
- for lobbying or influencing, to a lobbyist or lobbying entity 2
- for the ultimate purpose of influencing any executive, 3
- 4 legislative, or administrative action. "Consultant" does not
- 5 include (i) an employee of the lobbyist or lobbying entity or
- (ii) an attorney or law firm providing legal services, 6
- including drafting legislation or advising and rendering 7
- 8 opinions to clients as to the construction and legal effect of
- 9 proposed or pending legislation or any executive, legislative,
- 10 or administrative action.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 101-595, eff. 12-5-19.)
- 12 (25 ILCS 170/3) (from Ch. 63, par. 173)
- 13 Sec. 3. Persons required to register.
- 14 (a) Except as provided in Section 9, any natural person
- 15 who, for compensation or otherwise, undertakes to lobby, or
- any person or entity who employs or compensates another person 16
- for the purposes of lobbying, shall register with the 17
- 18 Secretary of State as provided in this Act, unless that person
- 19 or entity qualifies for one or more of the following
- 20 exemptions.
- Persons or entities who, for the purpose of 21
- 22 influencing any executive, legislative, or administrative
- 23 not make expenditures that action and who do
- 24 reportable pursuant to Section 6, appear
- 25 compensation or promise thereof only as witnesses before a

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legislative committee committees of the House and Senate for the purpose of explaining or arguing for or against the passage of or action upon any legislation , ordinance, or regulation then pending before the committee those committees, or who seek without compensation or promise thereof the approval or veto of any legislation or ordinance by the Governor.

- (1.4) A unit of local government, State government, or agencies, departments, commissions, boards, or task forces thereof or a school district.
- (1.5) An elected or appointed official or an employee of a unit of local government or school district who, in the scope of his or her public office or employment, seeks to influence executive, legislative, or administrative action exclusively on behalf of that unit of local government or school district.
- employed by a newspaper or other regularly published periodical, or who own or are employed by a radio station, television station, or other bona fide news medium that in the ordinary course of business disseminates news, editorial or other comment, or paid advertisements that directly urge the passage or defeat of legislation. This exemption is not applicable to such an individual insofar as he or she receives additional compensation or expenses from some source other than the bona fide news medium for

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the purpose of influencing executive, legislative, or administrative action. This exemption does not apply to newspapers and periodicals owned by or published by trade associations and not-for-profit corporations engaged primarily in endeavors other than dissemination of news.

- (3) Persons or entities performing professional services in drafting bills or in advising and rendering opinions to clients as to the construction and effect of proposed or pending legislation when those professional services are not otherwise, directly or indirectly, connected with executive, legislative, or administrative action.
- (4) Persons or entities who are employees of departments, divisions, or agencies of State or local government and who appear before committees of the House and Senate for the purpose of explaining how the executive, legislative, or administrative action passage of or action upon any legislation then pending before those committees will affect those departments, divisions, or agencies of State or local government.
- (5) Employees of the General Assembly, legislators, legislative agencies, and legislative commissions who, in the course of their official duties only, engage in activities that otherwise qualify as lobbying. Legislators whose activities are limited to occasional communications with an official of a unit of local government on behalf of

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their employer in the ordinary course of their non-public employment where (1) the primary duties of the employment are not to influence executive, legislative, or administrative action and (2) the legislator does not make any expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section 6.

- (6) Persons or entities in possession of technical skills and knowledge relevant to certain areas of executive, legislative, or administrative actions, whose skills and knowledge would be helpful to officials when considering those actions, whose activities are limited to making occasional appearances for or communicating on behalf of a registrant, and who do not make expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section 6 even though receiving expense reimbursement for those occasional appearances.
- (7) Any full-time employee of a bona fide church or religious organization who represents that organization solely for the purpose of protecting the right of the members thereof to practice the religious doctrines of that church or religious organization, or any such bona fide church or religious organization.
- (8) Persons or entities that receive no compensation other than reimbursement for expenses of up to \$500 per year while engaged in lobbying State government, unless those persons make expenditures that are reportable under

Section 6.

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- (9) Any attorney or group or firm of attorneys (1) in connection with the practice of law or (2) in the course of representing a client in relation to any administrative, or judicial, quasi-judicial proceeding, or any witness providing testimony in any administrative, or judicial, or quasi-judicial proceeding, in which ex parte communications are not allowed and who does not make expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section 6.
- (9.5) Any attorney or group or firm of attorneys in the course of representing a client in an administrative or executive action involving a contractual or purchasing arrangement and who does not make expenditures that are reportable pursuant to Section 6.
- (10) Persons or entities who, in the scope of their employment as a vendor, offer or solicit an official for the purchase of any goods or services when (1) the solicitation is limited to either an oral inquiry or written advertisements and informative literature; or (2) the goods and services are subject to competitive bidding requirements of the Illinois Procurement Code; or (3) the goods and services are for sale at a cost not to exceed \$5,000; and (4) the persons or entities do not make expenditures that are reportable under Section 6.
- (a-5) If in the course of providing services as a consultant, the consultant communicates with an official on

- 1 <u>behalf of the lobbyist or lobbying entity for the ultimate</u>
- 2 purpose of influencing any executive, legislative, or
- 3 administrative action, or makes an expenditure on behalf of or
- 4 benefitting an official, the consultant shall register as a
- 5 lobbyist within 2 business days of engaging in the
- 6 communication with the official or making the expenditure
- 5 benefitting the official.
- 8 (b) It is a violation of this Act to engage in lobbying or
- 9 to employ any person for the purpose of lobbying who is not
- 10 registered with the Office of the Secretary of State, except
- 11 upon condition that the person register and the person does in
- 12 fact register within 2 business days after being employed or
- 13 retained for lobbying services.
- 14 (c) The Secretary shall promulgate a rule establishing a
- 15 list of the entities required to register under this Act,
- including the name of each board, commission, authority, or
- 17 task force. The Secretary may require a person or entity
- 18 claiming an exemption under this Section to certify the person
- or entity is not required to register under this Act. Nothing
- 20 prohibits the Secretary from rejecting a certification and
- 21 requiring a person or entity to register.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1358, eff. 7-28-10.)
- 23 (25 ILCS 170/4.5)
- Sec. 4.5. Ethics training. Each natural person required to
- 25 register as a lobbyist under this Act must complete a program

- of ethics training provided by the Secretary of State. A
- 2 natural person registered under this Act must complete the
- 3 training program before no later than 30 days after
- 4 registration or renewal is deemed complete under this Act. If
- 5 the Secretary of State uses the ethics training developed in
- 6 accordance with Section 5-10 of the State Officials and
- 7 Employees Ethics Act, that training must be expanded to
- 8 include appropriate information about the requirements,
- 9 responsibilities, and opportunities imposed by or arising
- 10 under this Act, including reporting requirements.
- 11 The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the
- implementation of this Section.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 96-555, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1358, eff. 7-28-10.)
- 14 (25 ILCS 170/4.7)
- 15 Sec. 4.7. Prohibition on sexual harassment.
- 16 (a) All persons have the right to work in an environment
- 17 free from sexual harassment. All persons subject to this Act
- 18 shall refrain from sexual harassment of any person.
- 19 (b) (Blank.) Until January 1, 2020, each natural person
- 20 required to register as a lobbyist under this Act must
- 21 complete, at least annually, a sexual harassment training
- 22 program provided by the Secretary of State. A natural person
- 23 registered under this Act must complete the training program
- 24 no later than 30 days after registration or renewal under this
- 25 Act. This requirement does not apply to a lobbying entity or a

client that hires a lobbyist that (i) does not have employees

of the lobbying entity or client registered as lobbyists, or

(ii) does not have an actual presence in Illinois.

- (b-5) Each Beginning January 1, 2020, each natural person required to register as a lobbyist under this Act must complete, at least annually, a harassment and discrimination prevention training program provided by the Secretary of State. A natural person registered under this Act must complete the training program before no later than 30 days after registration or renewal is deemed complete under this Act. This requirement does not apply to a lobbying entity or a client that hires a lobbyist that (i) does not have employees of the lobbying entity or client registered as lobbyists, or (ii) does not have an actual presence in Illinois. For the purposes of this subsection, "unlawful discrimination" and "harassment" mean unlawful discrimination and harassment prohibited under Section 2-102 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
- under this Act No later than January 1, 2018, each natural person and any entity required to register under this Act shall have a written sexual harassment policy that shall include, at a minimum: (i) a prohibition on sexual harassment; (ii) details on how an individual can report an allegation of sexual harassment, including options for making a confidential report to a supervisor, ethics officer, Inspector General, or

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- the Department of Human Rights; (iii) a prohibition on retaliation for reporting sexual harassment allegations, including availability of whistleblower protections under the State Officials and Employee Ethics Act, the Whistleblower Act, and the Illinois Human Rights Act; and (iv) the consequences of a violation of the prohibition on sexual harassment and the consequences for knowingly making a false report.
 - (d) For purposes of this Act, "sexual harassment" means any unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or any conduct of a sexual nature when: (i) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; (ii) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or (iii) such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment. For the purposes of this definition, the phrase "working environment" is not limited to a physical location an employee is assigned to perform his or her duties and does not require an employment relationship.
 - (e) The Secretary of State shall adopt rules for the implementation of this Section. In order to provide for the expeditious and timely implementation of this Section, the Secretary of State shall adopt emergency rules under

- 1 subsection (z) of Section 5-45 of the Illinois Administrative
- 2 Procedure Act for the implementation of this Section no later
- 3 than 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
- 4 the 100th General Assembly.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 101-221, eff. 8-9-19.)
- 6 (25 ILCS 170/5)

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- 7 Sec. 5. Lobbyist registration and disclosure. Every 8 natural person and every entity required to register under 9 this Act shall before any service is performed which requires 10 the natural person or entity to register, but in any event not later than 2 business days after being employed or retained, 11 file in the Office of the Secretary of State a statement in a 12 13 format prescribed by the Secretary of State containing the 14 following information with respect to each person or entity 15 employing, retaining, or benefitting from the services of the natural person or entity required to register: 16
 - (a) The registrant's name, permanent address, e-mail address, if any, fax number, if any, business telephone number, and temporary address, if the registrant has a temporary address while lobbying.
 - (a-5) If the registrant is an entity, the information required under subsection (a) for each natural person associated with the registrant who will be lobbying, regardless of whether lobbying is a significant part of his or her duties.

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- (b) The name and address of the client or clients employing or retaining the registrant to perform such services or on whose behalf the registrant appears. If the client employing or retaining the registrant is a client registrant, the statement shall also include the name and address of the client or clients of the client registrant on whose behalf the registrant will be or anticipates performing services.
- (b-5)Ιf the registrant employs or retains sub-registrant, the statement shall include the name and address of the sub-registrant and identify the client or clients of the registrant on whose behalf sub-registrant will be or is anticipated to be performing services.
- (b-7) If the registrant retains a consultant, the statement shall include the name and address of the consultant and identify the client or clients and each executive and legislative branch agency for which the consultant is to provide advisory services.
- (c) For those identified under subsections (b), (b-5), and (b-7), a A brief description of the executive, legislative, or administrative action in reference to which such service is to be rendered.
- (c-5) Each executive and legislative branch agency of the State and each unit of local government the registrant expects to lobby during the registration period.

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- (c-6) The nature of the client's business, by indicating all of the following categories that apply: (1) banking and financial services, (2) manufacturing, (3) education, (4) environment, (5) healthcare, (6) insurance, (7) community interests, (8) labor, (9) public relations or advertising, (10) marketing or sales, (11) hospitality, (12) engineering, (13) information or technology products or services, (14) social services, (15) public utilities, (16) racing or wagering, (17) real estate or construction, (18) telecommunications, (19) trade or professional association, (20) travel or tourism, (21) transportation, (22) agriculture, and (23) other (setting forth the nature of that other business).
- (d) A confirmation that the registrant has a sexual harassment policy as required by Section 4.7, that such policy shall be made available to any individual within 2 business days upon written request (including electronic requests), that any person may contact the authorized agent of the registrant to report allegations of sexual harassment, and that the registrant recognizes the Inspector General has jurisdiction to review any allegations of sexual harassment alleged against the registrant or lobbyists hired by the registrant.
- (e) (Blank.) Each unit of local government in this State for which the registrant is or expects to be required to register to lobby the local government during

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the registration period. "Lobby" shall have the meaning ascribed to it by the relevant unit of local government.

(f) Each elected or appointed public office in this State to be held by the registrant at any time during the registration period.

Every natural person and every entity required to register under this Act shall annually submit the registration required by this Section on or before each January 31. The registrant has a continuing duty to report any substantial change or addition to the information contained in the registration. A registrant who retains a consultant shall file an amended registration before any consulting services are performed, but in any event not later than 2 business days after the consultant is retained, setting forth the information required in subsections (b-7) and (c) of this Section. Registrants registered as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall update their registration to add the information required under subsections (b 5), (e), and (f), if applicable, within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

The Secretary of State shall make all filed statements and amendments to statements publicly available by means of a searchable database that is accessible through the World Wide Web. The Secretary of State shall provide all software necessary to comply with this provision to all natural persons and entities required to file. The Secretary of State shall

implement a plan to provide computer access and assistance to natural persons and entities required to file electronically.

All natural persons and entities required to register under this Act shall remit a single, annual, and nonrefundable \$300 registration fee. Each natural person required to register under this Act shall submit, on an annual basis, a picture of the registrant. A registrant may, in lieu of submitting a picture on an annual basis, authorize the Secretary of State to use any photo identification available in any database maintained by the Secretary of State for other purposes. Each registration fee collected for registrations on or after January 1, 2010 shall be deposited into the Lobbyist Registration Administration Fund for administration and enforcement of this Act.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-554, eff. 11-16-17; 101-595, eff. 12-5-19.)

16 (25 ILCS 170/6) (from Ch. 63, par. 176)

17 Sec. 6. Reports.

(a) Lobbyist reports. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, every lobbyist registered under this Act who is solely employed by a lobbying entity shall file an affirmation, verified under oath pursuant to Section 1-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure, with the Secretary of State attesting to the accuracy of any reports filed pursuant to subsection (b) as those reports pertain to work performed by the lobbyist. Any lobbyist registered under this Act who is

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not solely employed by a lobbying entity shall personally file reports required of lobbying entities pursuant to subsection (b). A lobbyist may, if authorized so to do by a lobbying entity by whom he or she is employed or retained, file lobbying entity reports pursuant to subsection (b) provided that the lobbying entity may delegate the filing of the lobbying entity report to only one lobbyist in any reporting period.

Lobbying entity reports. Every lobbying registered under this Act shall report expenditures related to lobbying, including any expenditures made by a consultant in performing services for the lobbying entity. The report shall itemize each individual expenditure or transaction and shall include the name of the official on whose behalf expenditure was made, the name of the client expenditure was made on behalf of a client, the total amount of the expenditure, a description of the expenditure, the vendor or purveyor to whom the expenditure was made (including the address or location of the expenditure), the date on which the expenditure occurred and the subject matter of the lobbying activity, if any. For those expenditures made on behalf of a client, if the client is a client registrant, the report shall also include the name and address of the client or clients of the client registrant or the official or officials on whose behalf the expenditure ultimately was made. Each expenditure required to be reported shall include all expenses made for or on behalf of an official or his or her immediate family member

- 1 living with the official.
- 2 (b-1) The report shall include any change or addition to the client list information, required in Section 5 3 4 registration, since the last report, including the names and 5 addresses of all clients who retained the lobbying entity together with an itemized description for each client of the 6 following: (1) lobbying regarding executive action, including 7 the name of any executive agency lobbied and the subject 8 9 matter; (2) lobbying regarding legislative action, including 10 the General Assembly and any other agencies lobbied and the 11 subject matter; and (3) lobbying regarding administrative action, including the agency lobbied and the subject matter. 12 13 Registrants who made no reportable expenditures during a 14 reporting period shall file a report stating that no
- 16 (b-2) Expenditures attributable to lobbying officials
 17 shall be listed and reported according to the following
 18 categories:
 - (1) Travel and lodging on behalf of others, including, but not limited to, all travel and living accommodations made for or on behalf of State officials during sessions of the General Assembly.
 - (2) Meals, beverages and other entertainment.
- 24 (3) Gifts (indicating which, if any, are on the basis 25 of personal friendship).
- 26 (4) Honoraria.

expenditures were incurred.

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- (5) Any other thing or service of value not listed under categories (1) through (4), setting forth a description of the expenditure. The category travel and lodging includes, but is not limited to, all travel and living accommodations made for or on behalf of State officials in the State capital during sessions of the General Assembly.
- (b-3)Expenditures incurred for hosting receptions, benefits and other large gatherings held for purposes of goodwill or otherwise to influence executive, legislative or administrative action to which there are 25 or more State officials invited shall be reported listing only the total amount of the expenditure, the date of the event, and the estimated number of officials in attendance.
- (b-7) Matters excluded from reports. The following items need not be included in the report:
 - (1) Reasonable and bona fide expenditures made by the registrant who is a member of a legislative or State study commission or committee while attending and participating in meetings and hearings of such commission or committee.
 - (2) Reasonable and bona fide expenditures made by the registrant for personal sustenance, lodging, travel, office expenses and clerical or support staff.
 - (3) Salaries, fees, and other compensation paid to the registrant for the purposes of lobbying.
 - (4) Any contributions required to be reported under

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1 Article 9 of the Election Code.

- (5) Expenditures made by a registrant on behalf of an official that are returned or reimbursed prior to the deadline for submission of the report.
- (c) A registrant who terminates employment or duties which required him to register under this Act shall give the Secretary of State, within 30 days after the date of such termination, written notice of such termination and shall include therewith a report of the expenditures described herein, covering the period of time since the filing of his last report to the date of termination of employment. Such notice and report shall be final and relieve such registrant of further reporting under this Act, unless and until he later takes employment or assumes duties requiring him to again register under this Act.
- (d) Failure to file any such report within the time designated or the reporting of incomplete information shall constitute a violation of this Act.

A registrant shall preserve for a period of 2 years all receipts and records used in preparing reports under this Act.

(e) Within 30 days after a filing deadline or as provided by rule, the lobbyist shall notify each official on whose behalf an expenditure has been reported. Notification shall include the name of the registrant, the total amount of the expenditure, a description of the expenditure, the date on which the expenditure occurred, and the subject matter of the

- 1 lobbying activity.
- 2 (f) A report for the period beginning January 1, 2010 and
- 3 ending on June 30, 2010 shall be filed no later than July 15,
- 4 2010, and a report for the period beginning July 1, 2010 and
- 5 ending on December 31, 2010 shall be filed no later than
- 6 January 15, 2011. Beginning January 1, 2011, reports shall be
- 7 filed semi-monthly as follows: (i) for the period beginning
- 8 the first day of the month through the 15th day of the month,
- 9 the report shall be filed no later than the 20th day of the
- 10 month and (ii) for the period beginning on the 16th day of the
- 11 month through the last day of the month, the report shall be
- 12 filed no later than the 5th day of the following month. A
- 13 report filed under this Act is due in the Office of the
- 14 Secretary of State no later than the close of business on the
- date on which it is required to be filed.
- 16 (g) All reports filed under this Act shall be filed in a
- format or on forms prescribed by the Secretary of State.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 98-459, eff. 1-1-14.)
- 19 (25 ILCS 170/8) (from Ch. 63, par. 178)
- 20 Sec. 8. Contingent fees prohibited. No person shall retain
- or employ another to lobby or provide services as a consultant
- 22 with respect to any legislative, executive, or administrative
- 23 action for compensation contingent in whole or in part upon
- the outcome of the action and no person shall accept any such
- 25 employment or render any such service for compensation

- 1 contingent upon the outcome of the legislative, executive, or
- 2 administrative action.
- (Source: P.A. 93-889, eff. 8-9-04.) 3
- 4 (25 ILCS 170/11.2)
- Sec. 11.2. Local regulation. No unit of local government, 5
- including a home rule unit, may regulate lobbying in a manner 6
- 7 inconsistent with this Act and all existing all existing laws
- 8 and ordinances which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby
- 9 superseded. This subsection is a limit on home rule powers
- pursuant to paragraphs (h) and (i) of Section 6 of Article VII 10
- of the Illinois Constitution. A unit of local government or 11
- 12 school district may adopt an ordinance or resolution
- regulating lobbying activities with that unit of local 13
- 14 government or school district that imposes requirements
- 15 similar to those imposed by this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 88-187.) 16
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on
- 18 January 1, 2022.".